NAME OF INSTITUTION

(Include Holding Company Where Applicable)

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Point of Contact:	Mr. Frank H. Sanfilippo	RSSD: (For Bank Holding Companies)	2303910
UST Sequence Number:	135	Docket Number: (For Thrift Holding Companies)	N/A
CPP/CDCI Funds Received:	35,000,000	FDIC Certificate Number: (For Depository Institutions)	27237
CPP/CDCI Funds Repaid to Date:		Credit Union Charter Number: (For Credit Unions)	N/A
Date Funded (first funding):	December 19, 2008	City:	St. Louis
Date Repaid ¹ :	N/A	State:	Missouri
1,6			

¹If repayment was incremental, please enter the most recent repayment date.

American taxpayers are quite interested in knowing how banks have used the money that Treasury has invested under the Capital Purchase Program (CPP) and Community Development Capital Initiative (CDCI). To answer that question, Treasury is seeking responses that describe generally how the CPP/CDCI investment has affected the operation of your business. We understand that once received, the cash associated with TARP funding is indistinguishable from other cash sources, unless the funds were segregated, and therefore it may not be feasible to identify precisely how the CPP/CDCI investment was deployed or how many CPP/CDCI dollars were allocated to each use. Nevertheless, we ask you to provide as much information as you can about how you have used the capital Treasury has provided, and how your uses of that capital have changed over time. Treasury will be pairing this survey with a summary of certain balance sheet and other financial data from your institution's regulatory filings, so to the extent you find it helpful to do so, please feel free to refer to your institution's quarterly call reports to illustrate your answers. This is your opportunity to speak to the taxpayers in your own words, which will be posted on our website.

What specific ways did your institution utilize CPP/CDCI capital? Check all that apply and elaborate as appropriate, especially if the uses have shifted over time. Your responses should reflect actions taken over the past year (or for the portion of the year in which CPP/CDCI funds were outstanding).

Increase lending or reduce lending less than otherwise would have occurred.			







Enterprise Financial Services Corp				
To the extent the funds supported increased lending, please describe the major type of loans, if possible (residential mortgage loa commercial mortgage loans, small business loans, etc.).	ıns,			
Increase securities purchased (ABS, MBS, etc.).				
Make other investments.				



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Enterprise Financial Services Corp	
Increase reserves for non-performing assets.	
X Reduce borrowings.	
Nothing in 2011, but after raising \$60 million in regulatory capital during December 2	
a convertible sub debt issue), the Company paid off its \$20 million in senior debt becaprobable inability	ause of an existing loan covenant violation and
processes measure,	
Increase charge-offs.	

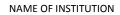




Enterprise Financial Services Corp

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Χ	Purchase another financial institution or purchase assets from another financial institution.
	In Dec 2008, the Co. injected \$18 million of cash into its banking subsidiary, Enterprise Bank & Trust (EB&T). The resulting strengthened
	capital ratios indirectly allowed EB&T to acquire a failed institution from the FDIC in Dec 2009. The stronger capital base from CPP funds
	allowed us to bid on and
Х	Held as non-leveraged increase to total capital.
Χ	Held as non-leveraged increase to total capital. Nothing in 2011, but after the nation's financial crisis in 4Q 2008, there was considerable customer and investor anxiety into early 2009
Х	
X	Nothing in 2011, but after the nation's financial crisis in 4Q 2008, there was considerable customer and investor anxiety into early 2009
X	Nothing in 2011, but after the nation's financial crisis in 4Q 2008, there was considerable customer and investor anxiety into early 2009 over the possibility of bank failures. The resulting capital ratios, after the regulatory capital raise noted above, helped ease any concerns
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Enterprise Financial Services Corp

What actions were you able to avoid because of the capital infusion of CPP/CDCI funds?		
Nothing noted for 2011 but see below for 2009. Without resorting to other options like a common stock raise, the \$35 million of CPP funds, in		
conjunction with the \$25 million in convertible sub debt, provided the cash necessary to prevent the company from going into default on its		
senior debt and staying current on the \$57 million in outstanding Trust Preferred Securities (i.e., subordinated debt). The Company depends		
on dividends from EB&T and stock option exercises for the cash flow necessary to service its debt. Given the asset quality concerns and		
operating losses at EB&T during 2009, EB&T was and is unable to make any dividends to the holding company. In addition, the Company's		
stock valuation over the past year has not been conducive for stock option exercises.		
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What actions were you able to take that you may not have taken without the capital infusion of CPP/CDCI funds?			
Without a strong capital base, we may not have been able to bid and close on any of our four FDIC-assisted transactions, starting in			
December 2009 and ending in August 2011. The stronger capital base from the CPP funds allowed us to grow our loans over 7% in 2011.			





Enterprise Financial Services Corp



Please describe any other actions that you were able to undertake with the capital infusion of CPP/CDCI funds.			
Please describe any other actions that you were able to undertake wit	n the capital infusion of CPP/CDCI funds.		